CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Foundation for a Smoke-Free World, Inc. and Subsidiary Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 With Report of Independent Auditors

Ernst & Young LLP



Consolidated Financial Statements

Years Ended December 31, 2022 and 2021

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Report of Independent Auditors

The Board of Directors Foundation for a Smoke-Free World, Inc. and Subsidiary:

Opinion

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Foundation for a Smoke-Free World, Inc. and Subsidiary (the Company), which comprise the consolidated statements of financial position as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the related consolidated statements of activities and changes in net assets and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes (collectively referred to as the "financial statements").

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company at December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Company and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free of material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free of material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute



assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
 due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks.
 Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and
 disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing
 an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, no such
 opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Ernst + Young LLP

May 1, 2023

Consolidated Statements of Financial Position

	December 31					
		2022		2021		
Assets						
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	22,074,923	\$	59,095,936		
Accounts Receivable		17,500,000		_		
Interest receivable		52,901		488		
Prepaid assets		172,342		839,960		
Operating lease right-of-use asset		12,930		_		
Total current assets		39,813,096		59,936,384		
Property and equipment, net		263,928		1,021,994		
Security deposits		55,668		24,993		
Total assets	\$	40,132,692	\$	60,983,371		
Liabilities and net assets without donor restrictions Current liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued expenses Operating lease liability	\$	127,984 287,331 13,892	\$	837,543 553,987		
Total current liabilities Net assets without donor restrictions		429,207 39,703,485		1,391,530 59,591,841		
Total liabilities and net assets without donor restrictions	\$	40,132,692	\$	60,983,371		

See accompanying notes.

Consolidated Statements of Activities and Changes in Net Assets

	Year Ended December 31						
	2022	2021					
Revenue and other support							
Contribution revenue	\$ 17,500,000	\$ 40,000,000					
Investment income	277,071	5,985					
Total revenue and other support	17,777,071	40,005,985					
Expenses							
Grant expenditures	27,086,930	24,984,658					
Salaries and employee benefits	5,175,354	6,226,329					
Communications	590,627	1,024,144					
Professional services	1,414,373	3,653,818					
Travel, conferences and meetings	351,031	430,188					
Legal fees	98,840	215,808					
Occupancy and office expenses	894,516	726,543					
Data license fees	521,624	803,116					
Depreciation	760,312	861,740					
Administrative and other expenses	767,678	784,353					
Total expenses	37,661,285	39,710,697					
Cumulative effect of adoption of Topic 842	4,142						
(Decrease) increase in net assets without donor restrictions	(19,888,356)	295,288					
Net assets without donor restrictions at beginning of year	59,591,841	59,296,553					
Net assets without donor restrictions at end of year	\$ 39,703,485	\$ 59,591,841					

See accompanying notes.

Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows

	Year Ended December 31				
	2022	2021			
Operating activities					
(Decrease) increase in net assets without donor restrictions	\$ (19,888,356) \$	295,288			
Adjustments to reconcile (decrease) increase in net assets					
without donor restrictions to net cash (used in)					
provided by operating activities:					
Depreciation	760,312	861,740			
Changes in assets and liabilities:					
Operating lease right-of-use assets and liabilities	962	_			
Interest receivable	(52,413)	(15)			
Accounts receivable	(17,500,000)	_			
Prepaid expenses	667,618	(9,532)			
Security deposits	(30,675)	37,451			
Accounts payable	(709,559)	554,527			
Grants payable	_	_			
Accrued expenses	(266,656)	98,448			
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	(37,018,767)	1,837,907			
Investing activities					
Purchases of property and equipment	(2,246)	(63,750)			
Net cash used in investing activities	(2,246)	(63,750)			
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(37,021,013)	1,774,157			
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of the year	59,095,936	57,321,779			
Cash and cash equivalents, end of the year	\$ 22,074,923	59,095,936			

See accompanying notes.

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

December 31, 2022

1. Description and Purpose of the Foundation

Foundation for a Smoke-Free World, Inc. (the Foundation) is a not-for-profit, non-stock corporation organized under the General Corporation Law of the State of Delaware. The Foundation was organized in September 2017 to fund research, promote innovation and support collaborative initiatives to accelerate progress in reducing harm and deaths from smoking worldwide.

The Foundation's focus includes smoking cessation and harm reduction, as supported by new technologies, therapies, alternative products, behavioral science, and other approaches. In addition, the Foundation looks for solutions to address unique challenges facing developing countries as it aims to eliminate smoking around the globe.

The Foundation's Agricultural Transformation Initiative (ATI), located in Malawi, Africa, is wholly controlled and funded by the Foundation. ATI deploys resources aimed to lessen smallholder farmer dependence on tobacco, better preparing farmers for the future when the demand for leaf tobacco is reduced.

The Internal Revenue Service has ruled that the charitable corporation, Foundation for a Smoke-Free World, Inc. is a tax-exempt organization that is exempt from federal income taxation under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code.

2. Significant Accounting Policies

Principles of Consolidation and Basis of Presentation

The consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes reflect the operations of the Foundation and its subsidiary after elimination of intercompany accounts and transactions. The consolidated financial statements and accompanying notes are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (U.S. GAAP).

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

2. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Use of Estimates

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements. Estimates also affect the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Concentration of Credit Risk

Financial instruments that potentially expose the Foundation to concentrations of credit risk include cash and cash equivalents. As a matter of policy, The Foundation only maintains cash balances with financial institutions having a high-credit quality; however, in the event of a financial institution's insolvency, recovery of the Foundation's assets on deposit may be limited to account insurance by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

One donor contributed all of the contributions in 2022 and 2021.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of money market funds with an independent broker-dealer and are held for operating purposes. The Foundation considers all highly liquid instruments with maturities of three months or less at the time of purchase to be cash equivalents. Amounts held could exceed federally insured limits.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment mainly consists of office and equipment and computer software and is stated at cost and depreciated using the straight-line method over estimated useful lives of the assets. Estimated useful lives are as follows:

Description	Useful Life
Computer software	2–5 years
Office and equipment	5–7 years

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Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

2. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Contribution Revenue

Contributions, including unconditional promises to give, are recorded at fair market value when received or pledged. All contributions are available for unrestricted use unless specifically restricted by the donor. Conditional promises to give are recognized when the conditions on which they depend are substantially met.

Grant Expenditures

Unconditional grants are recognized as expense when the promise to give is approved by the Board of Directors. Conditional grants are recognized as expense in the period in which the recipient meets the terms of the condition.

Taxes

The Foundation qualifies as a tax-exempt organization under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and, accordingly, is not subject to federal income tax. However, because the Foundation is classified as a private foundation, it is subject to a federal excise tax on net investment income, and the Foundation provides for deferred federal excise tax at an estimate of the effective rate expected to be paid.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

Effective January 1, 2022, the Foundation adopted Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2016-02, Leases (Topic 842), and all related amendments using the modified retrospective approach. The Foundation's 2021 financial statements continue to be accounted for under the FASB's Topic 840 and have not been adjusted. ASU No. 2016-02 requires lessees to recognize the assets and liabilities that arise from leases on the balance sheet. At lease inception, leases are classified as either finance leases or operating leases with the associated right-of-use asset and lease liability measured at the net present value of future lease payments. Operating leases are expensed on a straight-line basis as lease expense over the non-cancelable lease term. Expenses for finance leases are comprised of the amortization of the right-of-use asset and interest expense recognized based on the effective interest method. At the date of adoption, the Foundation recorded operating lease right-of-use assets and lease liabilities of \$12,930 and \$13,892, respectively.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

2. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The new standard provides for several optional practical expedients. Upon transition to Topic 842, the Foundation elected:

- The package of practical expedients permitted under the transition guidance which does
 not require the Foundation to reassess prior conclusions regarding whether contracts are or
 contain a lease, lease classification and initial direct lease costs.
- The practical expedient to use hindsight in determining the lease term (that is, when considering options to extend or terminate the lease or to purchase the underlying asset) and in assessing impairment of the Foundation's right-of-use assets.

The new standard also provides for several accounting policy elections, as follows:

- The Foundation has elected the policy not to separate lease and nonlease components for all asset classes.
- When the rate implicit in the lease is not determinable, rather than use the Foundation's incremental borrowing rate, the Foundation elected to use a risk-free discount rate for the initial and subsequent measurement of lease liabilities for all asset classes.
- The Foundation elected not to apply the recognition requirements to leases with an original term of 12 months or less, for which the Foundation is not likely to exercise a renewal option or purchase the asset at the end of the lease; rather, short-term leases will continue to be recorded on a straight-line basis over the lease term.
- The Foundation has decided to make an accounting policy election to not include immaterial leases on the balance sheet. The threshold for this will be \$2,500, so any leases with a net present value less than this amount will be excluded. Each year the Foundation will verify that the sum of leases omitted is not material to the financial statements.

Additional required disclosures for Topic 842 are contained in Note 6.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

3. Net Assets

The net assets of the Foundation are classified and reported as follows:

Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions

Net assets that are not subject to donor-imposed stipulations and that may be expended for any purpose in achieving the primary objectives of the Foundation.

4. Contributions

In 2018, the Foundation entered into a pledge agreement with PMI Global Services, Inc. (PMI), in which PMI agreed to contribute \$80,000,000 in 2018 and stated that it expected to contribute \$80,000,000 annually until 2029 to be used exclusively in furtherance of the Foundation's purpose. The pledge agreement was amended in 2020 such that PMI agreed to contribute \$45,000,000 in 2020 and stated that it expected to contribute \$40,000,000 in 2021, and \$35,000,000 annually during the period beginning 2022 and ending in 2029. The pledge agreement was amended again (the second amended pledge agreement) in December 2022 stating that for each fiscal year beginning July, 1 2022 and continuing through fiscal year beginning July 1, 2029, PMI expects to contribute an annual amount up to, but not more than \$35,000,000, to be used exclusively in furtherance of the Foundation's purpose. When the Foundation's cash balance falls below \$25 million during a fiscal year, the Foundation will notify PMI of this fact and will provide PMI a cash balance report and PMI shall contribute \$17,500,000 within 30 days of receiving the cash balance report. Annual contributions from PMI will not exceed \$35,000,000 in the aggregate during any fiscal year. Amounts to be received after the balance sheet date are considered to be conditional promises to give. The annual contributions from PMI will be provided to the Foundation once PMI receives the annual attestation from the Foundation's Board of Directors that agreed upon conditions have been met for the respective annual funding period and a report from the Foundation's independent, external auditor with respect to certain other conditions. At the point in which conditions are met, the contributions become unconditional promises to give and are recorded in the consolidated statements of activities.

In December 2022, the Foundation's cash balance fell below \$25 million at which time the Foundation notified PMI by submitting the required cash balance report. As this notification satisfied the terms of the second amended pledge agreement, the Foundation recorded Contribution revenue and Accounts receivable for \$17,500,000 for the year ended December 31, 2022. The \$17,500,000 contribution was received by the Foundation from PMI in January 2023.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

5. Grant Expenditures

As of December 31, 2022, the Board of Directors has authorized grants of unconditional and conditional promises to give of \$173,183,361. For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Board of Directors authorized new grants of conditional promises to give of \$37,193,811 and \$10,104,635, respectively. Payments are expected to be made through the year 2028.

For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, grant expenditures were \$27,086,930 and \$24,984,658, respectively, as conditions were satisfied.

There are no unconditional grants payable at December 31, 2022 and 2021.

Subsequent to year end, \$5,656,734 of conditional grants have been authorized by the Board of Directors. Payments on conditional grants authorized in both 2022 and 2023 are expected to be paid through 2028. These conditional grants will be recognized as grant expenditures in the consolidated statements of activities in accordance with the grant expenditure policy described in Note 2 and will be funded with existing cash and future contributions received as described in Note 4.

6. Leases

Right-of-use assets represent the Foundation's right to use an underlying asset for the lease term, while lease liabilities represent the Foundation's obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease. Right-of-use assets and lease liabilities are recognized at the commencement date of a lease based on the net present value of lease payments over the lease term.

Certain of the Foundation's leases include options to renew or terminate the lease. The exercise of lease renewal or early termination options is at the Foundation's sole discretion. The Foundation regularly evaluates the renewal and early termination options and when they are reasonably certain of exercise, the Foundation includes such options in the lease term. Additionally, upon adoption of the new standard, the Foundation made judgments regarding lease terms for certain of its real property leases that were in month-to-month status or that contained auto-renewal clauses. The Foundation estimated a lease end date based on the required length of usage of the property and calculated a right-of-use asset and lease liability with the resulting estimated lease term.

In determining the discount rate used to measure the right-of-use assets and lease liabilities, the Foundation uses the rate implicit in the lease, or if not readily available, the Foundation uses a risk-free rate based on U.S. Treasury notes or bond rates for a similar term.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

6. Leases (continued)

Right-of-use assets are assessed for impairment in accordance with the Foundation's long-lived asset policy. The Foundation reassesses lease classification and remeasures right-of-use assets and lease liabilities when a lease is modified and that modification is not accounted for as a separate new lease or upon certain other events that require reassessment in accordance with Topic 842.

The Foundation made significant assumptions and judgments in applying the requirements of Topic 842. In particular, the Foundation:

- Evaluated whether a contract contains a lease, by considering factors such as whether the Foundation obtained substantially all rights to control an identifiable underlying asset and whether the lessor has substantive substitution rights;
- Determined whether contracts contain embedded leases.

The Foundation does not have any material leasing transactions with related parties.

There is only one lease for office space. For the year ended December 31, 2022 lease expense was \$51,722. The right-of-use assets and lease liabilities were calculated using discount rate of 1.04%. As of December 31, 2022, the Foundation has an operating lease right-of-use asset of \$12,930 and an operating lease liability of \$13,982. As of December 31, 2022, the remaining lease term was 3 months.

As of December 31, 2022 the Foundation has one remaining lease payment of \$13,982.

7. Property and Equipment

Property and equipment consists of the following as of December 31, 2022 and 2021:

	2022	2021
Office and equipment	\$ 436,709	\$ 434,463
Computer software	2,430,609	2,430,609
	2,867,318	2,865,072
Less accumulated depreciation	(2,603,390)	(1,843,078)
Property and Equipment, net	\$ 263,928	\$ 1,021,994

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

7. Property and Equipment (continued)

Depreciation expense was \$760,312 and \$861,740 for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

8. Financial Assets and Liquidity Resources

As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, financial assets and liquidity resources available within one year for general expenditure, such as operating expenses are:

	 2022	2021
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$ 22,074,923 17,500,000	\$ 59,095,936
Interest receivable	52,901	488
	\$ 39,627,824	\$ 59,096,424

As part of the Foundation's liquidity management, it has a policy to structure its financial assets to be available as its general expenditures, liabilities and other obligations come due.

9. Functional Classification of Expenses

The Foundation's primary program is to fund research to improve global health by ending smoking worldwide. Indirect expenses incurred in support of this primary program activity include employee salaries and benefits, facilities, office expenses, professional services and travel and meeting expenses. Natural expenses attributable to more than one functional expense category are allocated using a variety of cost allocation techniques, such as square footage and time and effort. Occupancy and office expenses include rent, subscriptions, insurance, and office supplies. Administrative and other expenses include honorarium, accounting fees, and taxes.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (continued)

9. Functional Classification of Expenses (continued)

Expenses by functional classification for the year ended December 31, 2022 consist of the following:

	Health and Science Research		Agricultural Diversification		Industry Transformation C		Communications		Education and Awareness			Administrative and Other																																																																Total
Grant expenditures	\$ 16,492,481	\$	5,633,327	\$	2,137,452	\$	_	\$	2,823,670	\$	_	\$ 27,086,930																																																																
Salaries and employee benefits	1,692,658		805,638		182,769		635,464		298,392		1,560,433	5,175,354																																																																
Communications	940		3,150		6,000		580,537		_		_	590,627																																																																
Professional services	97,282		49,164		705,230		15,288		280,009		267,400	1,414,373																																																																
Travel, conferences and meetings	222,715		38,351		_		3,318		26,909		59,738	351,031																																																																
Legal fees	1,845		51,582		5,986		_		· –		39,427	98,840																																																																
Occupancy and office expenses	355,982		85,817		20,700		9,330		2,967		419,720	894,516																																																																
Data license fees	521,624		_		· –		_		· –		_	521,624																																																																
Depreciation	692,576		45,341		_		_		_		22,395	760,312																																																																
Administrative and other expenses	· –		66,731		_		_		_		700,947	767,678																																																																
	\$ 20,078,103	\$	6,779,101	\$	3,058,137	\$	1,243,937	\$	3,431,947	\$	3,070,060	\$ 37,661,285																																																																

Expenses by functional classification for the year ended December 31, 2021 consist of the following:

	 Health and Science Research	gricultural versification	Tra	Industry ansformation	Co	ommunications	Education and Awareness	Administrative and Other										Total
Grant expenditures	\$ 12,827,706	\$ 7,150,996	\$	2,283,389	\$	_	\$ 2,722,567	\$	_	\$ 24,984,658								
Salaries and employee benefits	2,462,375	1,022,211		255,860		525,258	505,885		1,454,740	6,226,329								
Communications	51,139	_		144,540		801,665	26,800		_	1,024,144								
Professional services	1,400,080	181,322		973,705		19,768	951,877		127,066	3,653,818								
Travel, conferences and meetings	301,509	18,840		358		437	90,104		18,940	430,188								
Legal fees	2,244	10,497		21,985		_	_		181,082	215,808								
Occupancy and office expenses	310,237	96,991		10,258		6,916	5,683		296,458	726,543								
Data license fees	803,116	_		_		_	_		_	803,116								
Depreciation	785,903	44,891		_		_	_		30,946	861,740								
Administrative and other expenses	-	38,225		_		_	_		746,128	784,353								
	\$ 18,944,309	\$ 8,563,973	\$	3,690,095	\$	1,354,044	\$ 4,302,916	\$	2,855,360	\$ 39,710,697								

10. Subsequent Events

In preparing these consolidated financial statements, the Foundation evaluated subsequent events through the time the consolidated financial statements were available to be issued on May 1, 2023, in compliance with applicable accounting standards. All material subsequent events have been either recognized in the consolidated financial statements or disclosed in the notes to the consolidated financial statements.

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